

Nama : Gustin Wardani
 NPM : 2013022030
 Prodi : Pendidikan Fisika (B)

Pemecahan kasus

Kasus Muatan listrik

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{1} \quad N &= (5 - 0,8) \cdot \frac{(6,02 \times 10^{23})}{107,9} + 0,8 \frac{(6,02 \times 10^{23})}{197} \\ &= 2,34 \times 10^{22} + 2,44 \times 10^{21} \\ &= 2,58 \times 10^{22} \end{aligned}$$

Karena atom Ag mempunyai 47 elektron dan Au mempunyai 79 elektron maka jumlah kedua atom adalah 126 elektron.

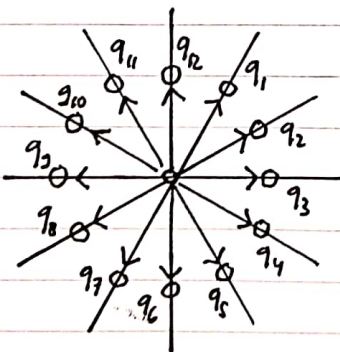
Jumlah medan total Φ adalah :

$$\begin{aligned} \Phi &= (2,58 \times 10^{22} \text{ atom})(126 \text{ elektron})(1,6 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C / elektron}) \\ &= 5,2 \times 10^5 \text{ C} \end{aligned}$$

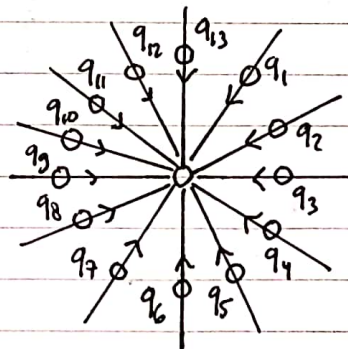
Jadi, pada cincin 5 gr terdapat muatan $5,2 \times 10^5 \text{ C}$, dimana pada cincin 5 gr terdapat $\frac{5,2 \times 10^5 \text{ C}}{1,6 \times 10^{-19}} = 3,25 \times 10^{24}$ elektron.

Kasus gaya listrik

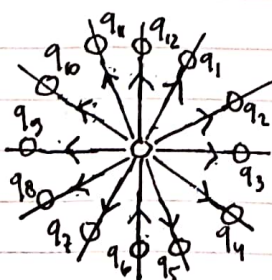
a.



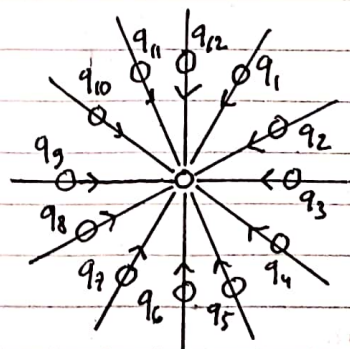
c.



b.

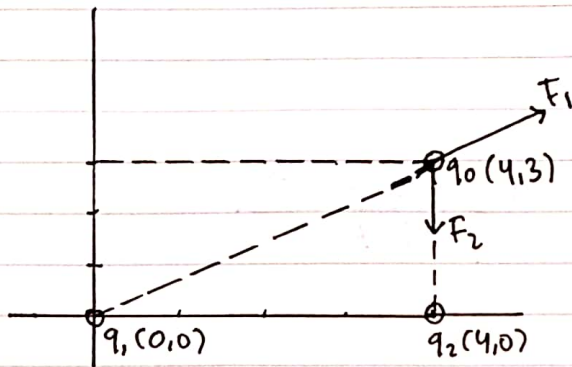


d.



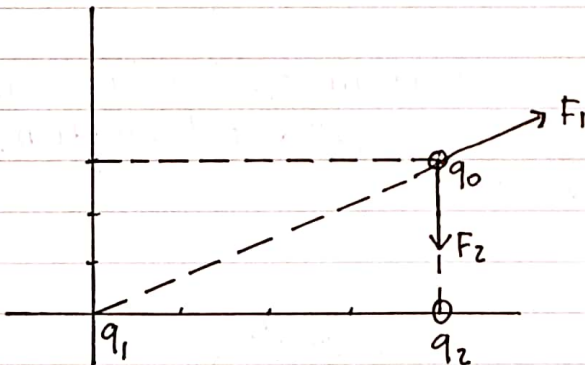
e) $q_1 = 25 \mu C \rightarrow (0,0)$
 $q_2 = -10 \mu C \rightarrow (4,0)$
 $q_0 = 10 \mu C \rightarrow (4,3)$

Carilah gaya total pada q_0 akibat q_1 dan q_2 .

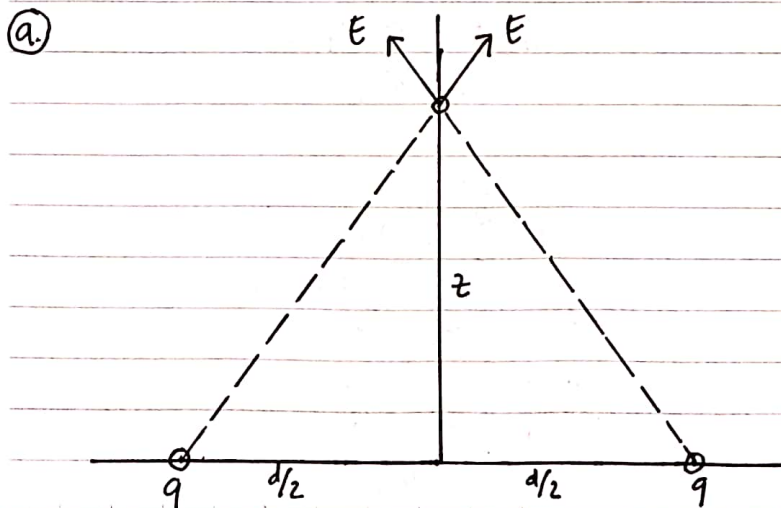


f) $q_1 = +25 \mu C \rightarrow (0,0)$
 $q_2 = -15 \mu C \rightarrow (4,0)$
 $q_0 = +20 \mu C \rightarrow (4,3)$

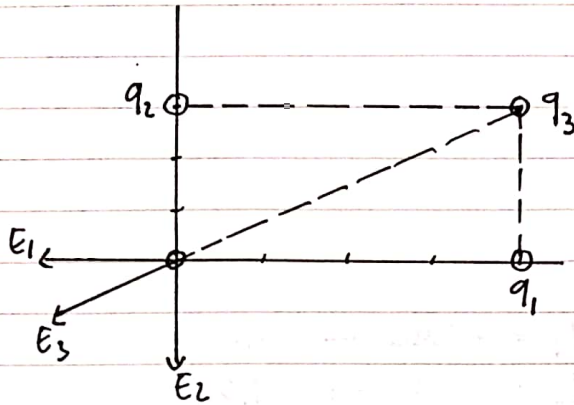
Carilah gaya pada q_0



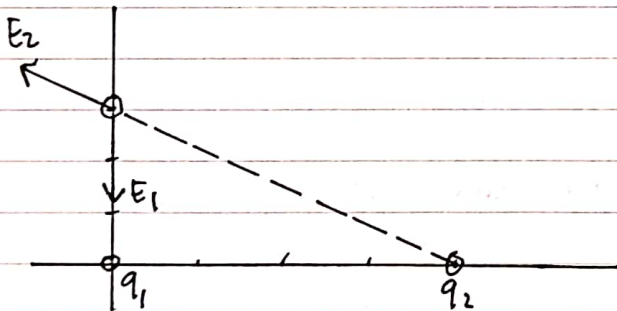
Kasus Medan Listrik



- (b) $q_1 = 2C \rightarrow (4,0)$ Tentukan medan listrik di $(0,0)$
 $q_2 = 5C \rightarrow (0,3)$
 $q_3 = 10C \rightarrow (4,3)$



- (c) $q_1 = -5 \mu C \rightarrow (0,0)$ Hitung medan di $(0,3)$
 $q_2 = 10 \mu C \rightarrow (4,0)$

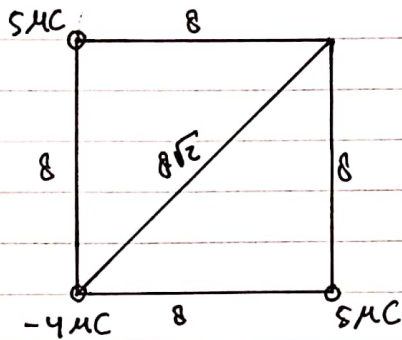


- (d) $q_1 = -25 \mu C$ Besar dan arah medan listrik 2 cm.
 $q_2 = 50 \mu C$
 $r = 10 \text{ cm}$

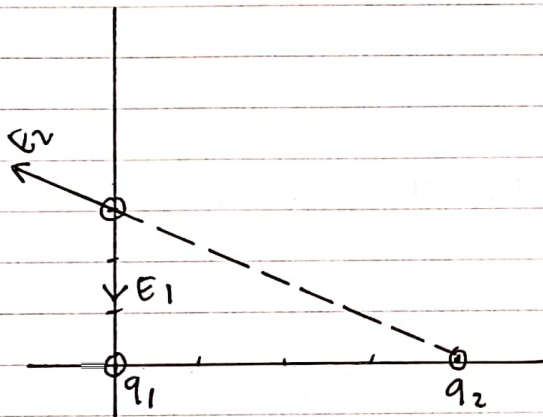


Potensial listrik

①



②



$$q_1 = -5\mu C \rightarrow (0,0)$$

$$q_2 = 10\mu C \rightarrow (4,0)$$

- ③ $q_1 = +25\mu C \rightarrow (0,0)$
 $q_2 = -15\mu C \rightarrow (4,0)$
 $q_0 = +20\mu C \rightarrow (4,3)$ carilah titik $(0,3)$

