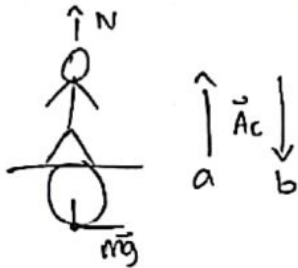


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Kelompok 3

(S.1) a]



$$\begin{aligned}\vec{N} + m\vec{g} - m\vec{A}_0 &= 0 \\ N - mg - mA_0 &= N - mg - m\frac{g}{4} = 0 \\ N - \frac{5}{4}mg &= 0 \\ \omega' = N &= \frac{5}{4}mg = \frac{5}{4}\omega \\ \omega' &= \underline{\underline{15016}}\end{aligned}$$

b] $N - mg + m\left(\frac{g}{4}\right) = 0$

$$\omega' = \omega - \frac{v_i}{4} = \frac{3}{4}\omega$$

$$\omega' = \underline{\underline{9016}}$$

(S.2)

a] $\vec{F}_{cent} = -m\vec{\omega} \times (\vec{\omega} \times \vec{r})$

untuk $\vec{\omega} \perp \vec{r} \Rightarrow F_{cent} = m\omega^2 r' \hat{e}_r$

$$\omega = 800 \text{ s}^{-1} = 1000\pi \text{ s}^{-1}$$

$$F_{cent} = 10^{-6} \times (1000\pi)^2 \times 5 \hat{e}_r = \underline{\underline{5\pi^2}}$$

b]
$$\begin{aligned}\frac{F_{cent}}{F_g} &= \frac{m\omega^2 r'}{mg} \\ &= \frac{(1000\pi)^2 \cdot 5}{980} = \underline{\underline{5,04 \times 10^4}}\end{aligned}$$

$$5.3. \quad \vec{Mg} + \vec{T} - m\vec{A}_c = 0$$

$$-mg\hat{j} + T\cos\theta\hat{j} + T\sin\theta\hat{i} - m\left(\frac{g}{10}\right)\hat{i} = 0$$

$$T\cos\theta = mg \quad \text{dan} \quad T\sin\theta = \frac{mg}{10}$$

$$\tan\theta = \frac{1}{10} \Rightarrow \theta = 5.71$$

$$T = \frac{mg}{\cos\theta} = 1.005 mg$$

$$5.4. \quad \vec{g}' = \vec{g} - \vec{A}_0 = g\hat{i} - \frac{g}{10}\hat{i}$$

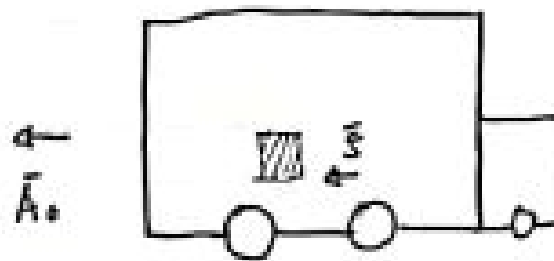
untuk osilasi kecil pada pendulum sederhana :

$$T = 2\pi\sqrt{\frac{L}{g'}}$$

$$g' = \sqrt{g^2 - \left(\frac{g}{10}\right)^2} = 1.005 g$$

$$T = 2\pi\sqrt{\frac{L}{1.005g}} = 1.995\pi\sqrt{\frac{L}{g}}$$

5.5 (a) $f = -Nmg$ pada frictional force acting on the



bok. lalu

$$\vec{f} - m\vec{A}_0 = m\vec{a}$$

Sekarang, f adalah req force, maka:

(b) $a \cdot \frac{f}{m} = -\frac{Nmg}{m} = -Ng = -\frac{g}{3}$

$A = -\frac{g}{2}$. Dari atas, $ma - mA_c = m'$

Maka jawaban (a) adalah

$$a' = a - A_0 = -\frac{g}{3} + \frac{g}{2} = \frac{g}{6}$$

5.6 Jawaban :

$$\begin{aligned} \text{a.) } \vec{r} &= \hat{i} (x_0 + R \cos \omega t) + \hat{j} R \sin \omega t \\ \vec{v} &= -\hat{i} \omega R \sin \omega t + \hat{j} \omega R \cos \omega t \\ \vec{r} \cdot \vec{v} &= v^2 = \omega^2 R^2 \\ v &= \omega R \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{b.) } \vec{r}' &= \vec{r} - \vec{\omega} \times \vec{r} \text{ ketika } \vec{r} = \hat{i} x' + \hat{j} y' \\ &= -\hat{i} \omega R \sin \omega t + \hat{j} \omega R \cos \omega t - \omega \hat{k} \times (\hat{i} x' + \hat{j} y') \\ &= -\hat{i} \omega R \sin \omega t + \hat{j} \omega R \cos \omega t - \hat{j} \omega x' + \hat{i} \omega y' \\ \dot{x}' &= \omega y' - \omega R \sin \omega t \\ \dot{y}' &= -\omega x' + \omega R \cos \omega t \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{c.) } u' &= x' + iy' = i \sqrt{-1}! \\ \dot{u}' &= \dot{x}' + i \dot{y}' = \omega y' - \omega R \sin \omega t - i \omega x' + i \omega R \cos \omega t \\ i \omega u' &= -\omega y' + i \omega x' \\ \Rightarrow u' + i \omega u' &= -\omega R \sin \omega t + i \omega R \cos \omega t = i \omega R e^{i \omega t} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} u' &= A e^{-i \omega t} + B e^{i \omega t} \\ u' &= -i \omega A e^{-i \omega t} + i \omega B e^{i \omega t} \\ i \omega u' &= i \omega A e^{-i \omega t} + i \omega B e^{i \omega t} \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow \dot{u}' + i \omega u' = i (\omega + \omega) B e^{i \omega t}, \text{ maka } B = \frac{\omega R}{\omega + \omega}$$

$$u' = A + B = x'(0) + iy'(0) = x_0 + R$$

$$\begin{aligned} \rightarrow A &= x_0 + R - B \\ &= x_0 + R - \frac{\omega R}{\omega + \omega}, \text{ maka } A = x_0 + \frac{\omega R}{\omega + \omega} \end{aligned}$$

$$u' = \left[x_0 + \frac{\omega R}{\omega + \omega} \right] e^{-i \omega t} + \frac{\omega R}{\omega + \omega} e^{i \omega t}$$

$$5.7. a) \quad \begin{matrix} s \\ n \end{matrix} (t) = \begin{matrix} R_a \cos \omega a t \\ R_a \sin \omega a t \end{matrix}$$

$$\begin{matrix} s \\ e \end{matrix} (t) = \begin{matrix} R_e \cos \omega e t \\ R_e \sin \omega e t \end{matrix}$$

$$\begin{matrix} e \\ a \end{matrix} = \begin{matrix} s \\ a \end{matrix} - \begin{matrix} s \\ e \end{matrix}$$

$$\begin{matrix} e \\ a \end{matrix} (t) = \begin{matrix} R_a \cos \omega a t - R_e \cos \omega e t \\ R_a \sin \omega a t - R_e \sin \omega e t \end{matrix}$$

$$r_a^e = r_a^s - r_e^s$$

$$r_a^e(t) = \begin{bmatrix} R_a \cos \omega a t - R_e \cos \omega e t \\ R_a \sin \omega a t - R_e \sin \omega e t \end{bmatrix}$$

$$b) \quad v_a^e(t) = \frac{d}{dt} r_a^e(t)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -\omega a R_a \sin \omega a t + \omega e R_e \sin \omega e t \\ \omega a R_a \cos \omega a t - \omega e R_e \cos \omega e t \end{bmatrix}$$

$$t=0$$

$$v_a^e(t) = 0 \quad \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ \omega a R_a - \omega e R_e \end{bmatrix}$$

$$c)$$

$$a_a^e(t) = \frac{d}{dt} v_a^e(t) =$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -\omega a^2 R_a \cos \omega a t + \omega e^2 R_e \sin \omega e t \\ -\omega a^2 R_a \sin \omega a t + \omega e^2 R_e \cos \omega e t \end{bmatrix}$$