

3.1 what is the minimum value of K_D which would allow the extraction of 99.9 % of a solute from 50 ml of water five successive 50 ml portions of ether?

Answer :

$$\% E = 99.9 \%$$

$$V_0 = 50 \text{ ml}$$

$$V_a = 50 \text{ ml}$$

$$n = 5$$

$$W_A = 100\% - 99.9\% = \frac{0.1\%}{100} \times 1 \text{ gram} \\ = 0.01 \text{ gram}$$

Jawab :

$$W_A = W_0 \left(\frac{V_a}{V_a + K_D \cdot V_0} \right)^n$$

$$0.001 \text{ gr} = 1 \text{ gr} \left(\frac{50 \text{ ml}}{50 \text{ ml} + 50 \text{ ml } K_D} \right)^5$$

$$(0.001 \text{ gr})^{1/5} = 1 \text{ gr} \left(\frac{1}{1 + K_D} \right)^1$$

$$0.2511 (1 + K_D) = 1$$

$$0.2511 + 0.2511 K_D = 1 - 0.2511$$

$$0.2511 K_D = 0.7489$$

$$K_D = 2.98 \approx 3.$$

3.2. Dik :

$$\% E = 90\%$$

$$V_a = 100 \text{ ml}$$

$$V_0 = 50 \text{ ml}$$

$$n = 5$$

$$w_0 = 1 \text{ gram}$$

$$w_a = 100\% - 90\% = 10\% \times 1 \text{ gr} = 0,1 \text{ gr}$$

Jawab:

~~$$w_a = 100\% -$$~~

$$\left[w_a = w_0 \left(\frac{V_a}{V_a + V_0 k_D} \right)^n \times \frac{1}{n} \right]$$

$$w_0 = 1 \text{ gram}$$

$$(w_a)^{1/n} = 1 \left(\frac{V_a}{V_a + V_0 k_D} \right)$$

$$(V_a + V_0 k_D) = \frac{V_a}{w_a^{1/n}}$$

$$k_D = \frac{\left(\frac{V_a}{w_a^{1/n}} - V_a \right)}{V_0}$$

$$\% E = 90\% \Rightarrow k_D = \frac{100}{0,1 + 1/5} - 100$$

$$k_D = \frac{\frac{100}{0,631} - 100}{90}$$

$$k_D = \frac{158,47 - 100}{90}$$

$$k_D = 0,64966$$

NO.

Date.

% E untuk 10 kali

$$(100\% - x\%) \text{ gr} = 0,01 \text{ gr}$$

$$\frac{100}{100} - x\% = 0,01 \text{ gr}$$

$$x\% = 1 - 0,01 \text{ gr}$$

$$x\% = 0,99 \text{ gr}$$

$$x = 99\%$$