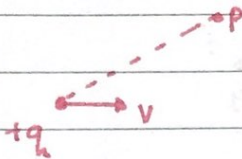


Medan Magnet

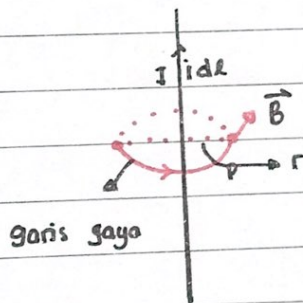
1. Medan oleh Muatan bergerak



$$\vec{B} = \frac{\mu_0}{4\pi} \frac{q v \cdot r_0}{r^2}$$

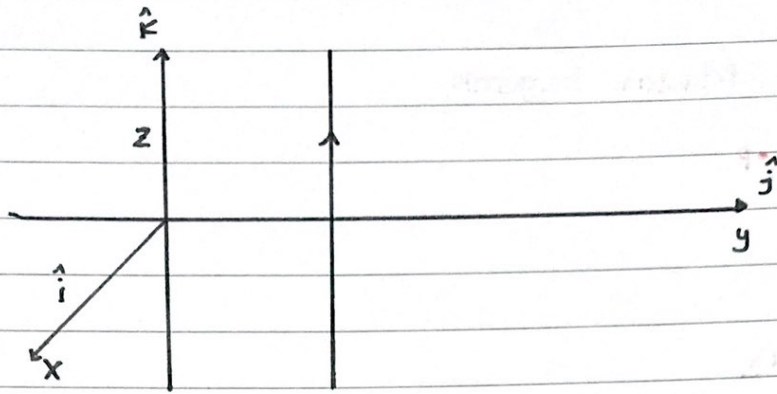
$$= \frac{\mu_0 q v}{4\pi r^2} \sin \theta$$

2. $\vec{B}$ oleh arus listrik



$$\vec{B} = \frac{\mu_0}{4\pi} \frac{I dl \times \vec{r}_0}{r^2}$$

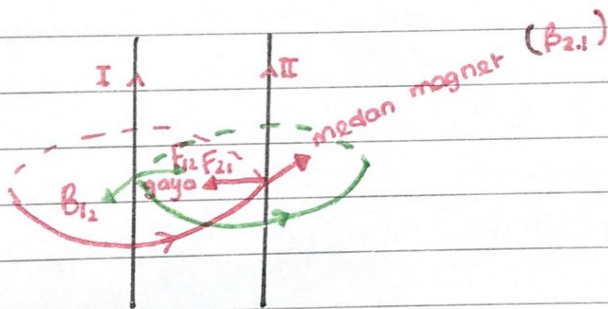
* Pada Kawat 1

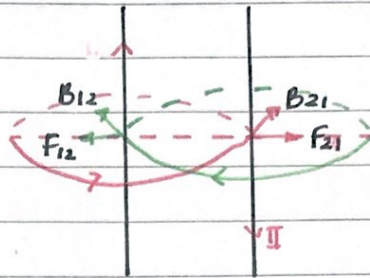


$$\vec{B} = \frac{\mu_0}{4\pi} \frac{i dl \hat{k} \times \hat{j}}{r^2}$$

$$= \frac{\mu_0}{4\pi} \frac{i dl}{r^2} \sin \theta (-\hat{i})$$

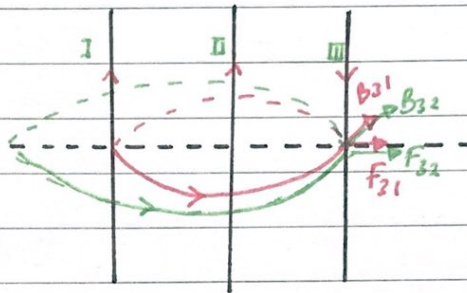
* Pada Kawat 2





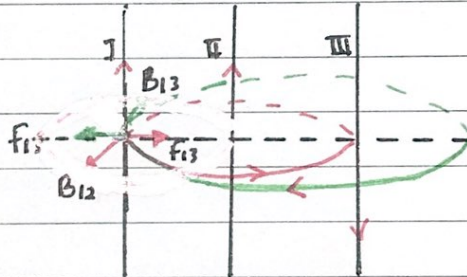
* Pada Kawat 3

→ Kawat 1 dan 2
terhadap kawat 3



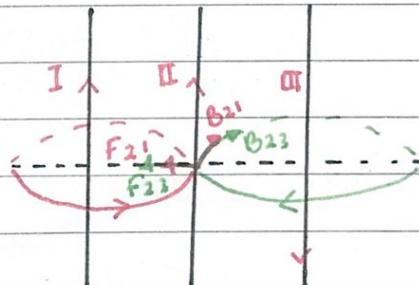
* Pada Kawat 3

→ Kawat 2 dan 3
terhadap kawat 1

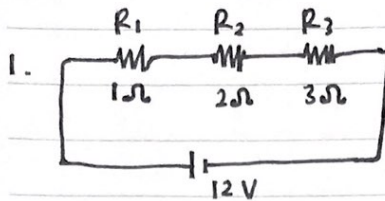


* Pada Kawat 3

→ Kawat 1 dan 3
terhadap kawat 2



Npm : 2213022012

a) Hitung arus pada R_3 25b) Hitung tegangan pada R_2

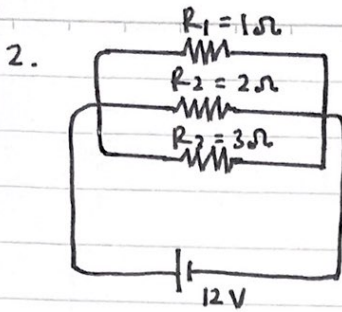
Jawab:

$$\begin{aligned} a). R_t &= R_1 + R_2 + R_3 \\ &= 1\Omega + 2\Omega + 3\Omega \\ &= 6\Omega \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} I &= \frac{V}{R} \\ &= \frac{12}{6} = 2 \text{ Ampere} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} b). V_2 &= R \cdot I \\ &= 2 \cdot 2 \\ V_2 &= 4 \text{ Volt} \end{aligned}$$

Jadi arus pada R_3 adalah 2 Ampere dan tegangan pada R_2 adalah 4 Volt



a) Hitung arus pada R_3

b) Hitung tegangan pada R_2

Jawab

a) arus pada R_3

$$I_3 = \frac{V}{R_3}$$

$$= \frac{12}{3}$$

$$= 4 \text{ Ampere}$$

b) Tegangan pada R_2

$$\frac{1}{R} = \frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_2} + \frac{1}{R_3}$$

$$\frac{1}{R} = \frac{1}{1} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\frac{1}{R} = \frac{3}{6}$$

$$R = \frac{6}{3}$$

$$R = 2 \Omega$$

$$V = I \times R$$

$$I_{\text{total}} = \frac{V}{R_{\text{total}}}$$

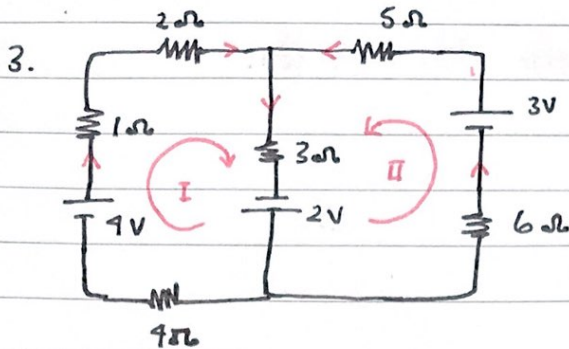
$$= \frac{12}{2}$$

$$I_{\text{total}} = 6 \text{ Ampere}$$

$$V_2 = I \cdot R$$

$$= 6 \cdot 2$$

$$= 12 \text{ Volt}$$



Hitung arus tiap loop (I_1, I_2, I_3)

→ Pada loop 1

$$\sum \mathcal{E} + \sum I \cdot R = 0$$

$$-4 - 2 + (1 + 2 + 4)I_1 + 3I_2 = 0$$

$$-6 + I_1(7) + I_2(3) = 0$$

$$7I_1 + 3I_2 = 6$$

→ Pada loop 2

$$\sum \mathcal{E} + \sum I \cdot R = 0$$

$$-3V - 2V \cdot I_2(6 + 5) \cdot I_3(3) = 0$$

$$-5V \cdot I_2(11) \cdot I_3(3) = 0$$

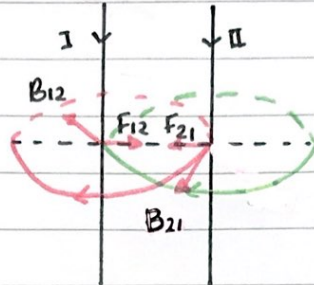
$$11I_2 + 3I_3 = 5V$$

$$* 7I_1 = 6 - 3I_2$$

$$I_1 = 6 - 3(1 - 5I_2)$$

$$I_1 = 6 - 3(1 - 5I_2)$$

4. Gambarkan medan magnet, garis gaya dan arah arus!



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go