BAB 9

SIMPLE FUTURE TENSE

Course Description

This course provides students with knowledge of English tenses. It aims to explore twelve English tenses, to make students learn how to differentiate each tense, to develop students' skill in verb patterns and sentence structures, to allow students identify various kinds of tenses, to allow students use various kinds of sentences, to allow students do various practices, and to allow students make, evaluate and develop written and oral expressions using correct and appropriate verb patterns.

Course Learning Outcomes

At the successful completion of this topic, students will be able to:

- 1. define what simple future tense is
- 2. classify the verb patterns of simple future tense
- 3. demonstrate the simple future tense in both oral and written forms
- 4. differentiate various uses of simple future tense
- 5. argue when and why the simple future tense is used
- 6. develop their own sentences by using their own words in both oral and written forms

Simple Future Tense adalah tense yang digunakan untuk menerangkan peristiwa/kegiatan yang akan dilakukan di masa depan atau di waktu yang akan datang. Dalam Bahasa Indonesia, tense ini dimaknai akan.

Rumus Verbal:

Kalimat Positif : S + will/shall + V1

Kalimat Negatif : S + will/shall + not + V1

Kalimat Interogatif : Will/shall + S + V1?

Contoh Kalimat Verbal

Positif	She/He/It/Temon They/We/I/You	will go to Bali next week. will read the books tomorrow.	
Negatif	She/He/It/Temon They/We/I/You	will not go to Bali next week. will not read the books tomorrow.	
Interogatif	Will	she/he/it/Temon/They/W e/I/You	go to Bali next week? read the books tomorrow?

Rumus Nominal:

Kalimat Positif : S + will/shall+ be + Kata Sifat/Kata Benda/Kata Keterangan

Kalimat Negatif : S + will/shall + not + be + Kata Sifat/Kata Benda/Kata

Keterangan

Kalimat Interogatif : will/shall + S + be + Kata Sifat/Kata Benda/Kata

Keterangan?

Contoh Kalimat Nominal

Positif	She/He/It/Temon They/We/I/You	will be here tomorrow. will tell the students about the project next month.	
Negatif	She/He/It/Temon They/We/I/You	will not be here tomorrow. will not tell the students about the project next month.	

Interogatif	Will	she/he/it/Temon	be here tomorrow? tell the students about
interogatii	VV 111	They/We/I/You	the project next
			month?

Catatan!

Berikut adalah beberapa penanda waktu/time signals yang digunakan dalam Simple Future Tense.

Tomorrow : Besok

The day after tomorrow : Besok lusa

Next week : Minggu depan
Next month : Bulan depan

Shall digunakan untuk subjek I dan We, namun jika shall disandingkan dengan subjek selain I dan We, maka maknanya akan menjadi harus dan bukan merupakan makna simple future tense. Shall tidak lazim digunakan dalam Bahasa Inggris Amerika, shall umumnya digunakan dalam Bahasa Inggris British. Perhatikan contoh berikut.

- ✓ I shall go to Bandar Lampung tomorrow.
- ✓ We shall not forget them.

Will not dapat disingkat menjadi won't.

Shall not dapat disingkat menjadi shan't.

WILL vs. BE GOING TO

Selain bentuk *will*, *be* (*is/am/are*) *going to* juga digunakan untuk menyatakan perbuatan/tindakan yang akan dilakukan di masa mendatang. Bentuk *will* digunakan untuk peristiwa atau tindakan yang tidak terencana, spontan, dan jika suatu kondisi tertentu terpenuhi, sedangkan *be* (*is/am/are*) *going to* digunakan untuk menyatakan suatu peristiwa atau tindakan yang telah terencana atau pasti dilakukan di masa mendatang.

- ✓ Untuk menyatakan suatu prediksi di masa yang akan datang, bisa menggunakan will ataupun be (is/am/are) going to. Perhatikan contoh berikut.
 - According to the weather forecast, it *will* be stormy tomorrow. ATAU
 - According to the weather forecast, it *is going to* be stormy tomorrow.
- ✓ Untuk menyatakan suatu peristiwa atau tindakan yang terencana, gunakan be (is/am/are) going to. Perhatikan contoh berikut.
 - > A: Are you busy tonight?
 - ➤ B: Yes, I am. I am going to meet Sarah at 8 tonight. We're going to have dinner with some friends.
- ✓ Untuk menyatakan suatu kesediaan, gunakan will. Perhatikan contoh berikut.
 - > A: I don't understand about the questions.
 - ➤ B: No worry, I *will* help you.

Penggunaan Simple Future Tense

- 1. untuk menyatakan suatu peristiwa atau tindakan yang akan dilakukan pada masa yang akan datang namun tidak direncanakan. Keputusan diambil secara spontan saat pembicaraan berlangsung.
 - > Just be quiet! I'll get some milk for you!
 - Maybe I will just stay in and watch television.

Pada contoh di atas, tidak ada rencana pasti sebelum diucapkan. Keputusan dibuat saat pembicaraan berlangsung. Biasanya, simple future tense ini juga digunakan dengan kata kerja *think*. Perhatikan contoh berikut.

- ➤ I think I will buy a book tomorrow.
- ➤ I don't think I'll go to the beach tomorrow.
- 2. untuk menyatakan suatu peristiwa atau tindakan prediksi yang akan dilakukan pada masa yang akan datang. Namun, lagi dan lagi tidak ada rencana pasti. Kita hanya menyatakan apa yang kita kira sepertinya akan terjadi atau lakukan.
 - ➤ I will give you some money tomorrow.
 - ➤ It will rain tomorrow.

Ketika kita menggunakan be setelah will, kita bisa menggunakan simple future tense meskipun kita sudah memiliki rencana pasti atau keputusan sebelum berbicara.

- ➤ I will be in Bandar Lampung tomorrow.
- ➤ Just stay here. I am going to get some help. I won't be long.
- 3. sebagai induk kalimat dalam kalimat pengandaian tipe 1 suatu bentuk khayalan yang besar kemungkinan terjadi.
 - ➤ If you go with me, I will give you a good novel.
 - > I will cry if you go.

Latihan 9.1

- Ubahlah kalimat berikut ke dalam bentuk kalimat negatif dan interogatif seperti contoh pada nomor 1. 1. (+) He will send me a flower. (–) He will not send me a flower. (?) Will he send me a flower? 2. (+) She will help you next week. (-)(?)
 - 3. (+) I am going to buy a car tomorrow at 11.
 - (-)
 - (?)

4.	(+)	We shall organize a meeting between the teachers and students.
	(-)	
	(?)	
5.	(+)	The man will come here the day after tomorrow.

(-)

(?)

Latihan 9.2
Lengkapilah tabel berikut menggunakan *Simple Future Tense*.

	To be		To go	
They	will be	They	will go	
We		We		
I		I		
You		You		
Не		Не		
She		She		
It		It		
Toni		Toni		

To do		To have	
They	will do	They	will have
We		We	
I		I	
You		You	
Не		Не	
She		She	
It		It	
Toni		Toni	

Latihan 9.3

Tulislah kalimat Simple Future Tense dalam bentuk negatif.

1.	They	will not read the books tomorrow.
2.	We	
	I	

Latihan 9.4

Lengkapilah sentence blocks dalam Simple Future Tense di bawah ini. Perhatikan contoh.

Contoh:

She will visit her grandmother next month.

Wh-question : When will she visit her grandmother?

Jawaban Pendek : Next month.

Yes/No Question : Will she visit her grandmother next month?

Jawaban Pendek (+) : Yes, she will. Jawaban Pendek (-) : No, she won't.

Jawaban Panjang (-) : No, she won't (will not) visit her grandmother next month.

1. He will be back before Sunday

Wh-question : When ...

Jawaban Pendek :

Yes/No Question :
Jawaban Pendek (+) :

Jawaban Pendek (-) :

Jawaban Panjang (-) :

2. I will go to school tomorrow morning.

Wh-question : Where ...

Jawaban Pendek :

Yes/No Question :

Jawaban Pendek (+) :

Jawaban Pendek (-) :

Jawaban Panjang (-) :

3. My father will tell us everything about them.

Wh-question : Who ...

Jawaban Pendek :

Yes/No Question :

Modul MK Intermediate Structure

Jawaban Pendek (+) :

Jawaban Pendek (-) :

Jawaban Panjang (-) :

4. Tom will go swimming today.

Wh-question : What ...

Jawaban Pendek :
Yes/No Question :
Jawaban Pendek (+) :
Jawaban Pendek (-) :
Jawaban Panjang (-) :

5. I'm going to the grocery store. I think I will buy five eggs.

Wh-question : **How ...**

Jawaban Pendek :
Yes/No Question :
Jawaban Pendek (+) :
Jawaban Pendek (-) :

Jawaban Panjang (-) :

BAB 10

FUTURE PROGRESSIVE/CONTINUOUS TENSE

Course Description

This course provides students with knowledge of English tenses. It aims to explore twelve English tenses, to make students learn how to differentiate each tense, to develop students' skill in verb patterns and sentence structures, to allow students identify various kinds of tenses, to allow students use various kinds of sentences, to allow students do various practices, and to allow students make, evaluate and develop written and oral expressions using correct and appropriate verb patterns.

Course Learning Outcomes

At the successful completion of this topic, students will be able to:

- 1. state what future progressive tense is
- 2. discuss the verb patterns of future progressive tense
- 3. implement the future progressive tense in both oral and written forms
- 4. relate various uses of future progressive tense to their daily lives
- 5. argue when and why the future progressive tense is used
- 6. formulate their own sentences by using their own words in both oral and written forms

Future Progressive/Continuous Tense adalah tense yang digunakan untuk menyatakan peristiwa yang akan sedang berlangsung pada waktu tertentu di masa depan.

Rumus Verbal:

Kalimat Positif : S + will/shall + be + Ving

Kalimat Negatif : S + will/shall + not + be + Ving

Kalimat Interogatif : Will/shall + S+ be + Ving?

Contoh Kalimat Verbal

	She/He/It/Temon	will be working at 11 tonight.	
Positif	They/We/I/You	will be taking the bus to work	
		at 6.30 tomorrow.	

		will not be working at 11	
Negatif	She/He/It/Temon	tonight.	
regatii	They/We/I/You	will not be taking the bus to	
		work at 6.30 tomorrow.	
			be working at 11
		She/He/It/Temon	tonight?
Interogatif	Will		be taking the bus to
		They/We/I/You	work at 6.30
			tomorrow?

Penggunaan Future Progressive/Continuous Tense

- 1. untuk menyatakan suatu peristiwa yang akan sedang berlangsung di masa depan dalam suatu titik waktu tertentu.
 - ➤ She will begin to study at 7.30. You will call her at 08.00. She will be studying when you call.
 - ➤ Right now, she is travelling to Malaysia. At the same time next month, she will be travelling to Malaysia.
- 2. untuk menanyakan informasi secara sopan yang akan dilakukan pada masa mendatang dan dalam kalimat interogatif/pertanyaan.
 - ➤ Will Sarah be coming with us to the party?
 - ➤ Will you be inviting your girlfriend to come tonight?
- 3. untuk menyatakan peristiwa atau tindakan yang sudah terjadi sekarang dan masih terjadi pada masa mendatang dengan menyisipkan kata keterangan *still* (masih).
 - In two hours, I will still be waiting for you.
 - ➤ He will still be suffering from his cold tomorrow.

Catatan!

Bentuk progressive/continuous dari be going to adalah be going to + be + Ving. Perhatikan contoh berikut.

Modul MK Intermediate Structure

➤ Don't call me at 11 because I won't be at home. I am going to be discussing my

project with some friends.

Future progressive/continuous tense dan simple future tense terkadang hampir tidak ada

perbedaan dalam penggunaannya terutama jika peristiwa yang akan dilakukan tidak

diketahui kepastian spesifik waktunya. Perhatikan contoh berikut.

➤ Don't worry. He *will be coming* soon.

➤ Don't worry. He *will come* soon.

Kata keterangan waktu yang menunjukkan masa lampau yang sering digunakan dalam future

progressive/continuous tense diantaranya adalah:

At 9 o'clock tomorrow : jam 9 besok

At this time tomorrow : pada waktu ini besok

At the same time next month : pada waktu yang sama bulan depan

Latihan 10.1

Ubahlah kalimat berikut ke dalam bentuk kalimat negatif dan interogatif seperti contoh pada

nomor 1.

1. (+) Tomorrow at this time, I will be attending class.

(-) Tomorrow at this time, I will not be attending class.

(?) Will I be attending class tomorrow at this time?

2. (+) I will be staying at the Star Hotel.

(-)

(?)

3. (+) Next year at this time, I will be doing exactly what I am doing now.

	(-)	
	(?)	
4.	(+)	Tomorrow at 9, my whole family will be waiting for me.
	(-)	
	(?)	

- 5. (+) I will be working on my research paper when you come tonight.
 - (-)
 - (?)

Latihan 10.2
Lengkapilah tabel berikut menggunakan *Future Progressive/Continuous Tense*.

To be			To go	
They	will be	They	will be going	
We		We		
I		I		
You		You		
Не		Не		
She		She		
It		It		

10. I

Toni		Toni	
	To do		To have
They	will be doing	They	will be having
We		We	
I		I	
You		You	
Не		Не	
She		She	
It		It	
Toni		Toni	
		1	
Latihan	10.3		
	kalimat <i>Future Progressive</i> /	Continuous Tense	dalam bentuk negatif
	will not be working at 10 to		www.comming.
2. We			
9. I			

Latihan 10.4

Lengkapilah sentence blocks dalam Future Progressive/Continuous Tense di bawah ini.

Perhatikan contoh.

Contoh:

She will be taking a bath when you come.

Wh-question : When will she be taking a bath?

Jawaban Pendek : When you come.

Yes/No Question : Will she be taking a bath when you come?

Jawaban Pendek (+) : Yes, she will.

Jawaban Pendek (-) : No, she won't.

Jawaban Panjang (-) : No, she won't (will not) be taking a bath when you come.

1. She will be working on her assignments at 8 p.m. tonight.

Wh-question : When ...

Jawaban Pendek :

Yes/No Question :

Jawaban Pendek (+) :

Jawaban Pendek (-) :

Jawaban Panjang (-) :

2. We will be having dinner at Tom's Restaurant when the film starts.

Wh-question : Where ...

Jawaban Pendek :

Yes/No Question :

Jawaban Pendek (+) :

Jawaban Pendek (-) :

Jawaban Panjang (-) :

3. Eka will be watching TV at 10 p.m. tonight.

Wh-question : Who ...

Modul MK Intermediate Structure

Jawaban Pendek :
Yes/No Question :
Jawaban Pendek (+) :
Jawaban Pendek (-) :
Jawaban Panjang (-) :

4. Take the umbrella! It will be raining when we return.

Wh-question : What ...

Jawaban Pendek :
Yes/No Question :
Jawaban Pendek (+) :
Jawaban Pendek (-) :
Jawaban Panjang (-) :

5. I will be reading two books at 12 p.m. tomorrow.

Wh-question : **How ...**

Jawaban Pendek :
Yes/No Question :
Jawaban Pendek (+) :
Jawaban Pendek (-) :

Jawaban Panjang (-) :

Latihan lanjutan ...

1. Bacalah pesan yang ditulis oleh Kiral untuk Azize berikut. Temukan tujuh kesalahan penggunaan simple future tense dan future progressive/continuous tense yang ada pada pesan tersebut. Lalu, perbaikilah kesalahan-kesalahan tersebut. Kesalahan pertama telah diperbaiki sebagai contoh.

Azize
I go ('m going) to Jack's with the kids in a few minutes. We'll be play cards until 10.30 or so. While we'll play cards, Jack's daughter will be watching the kids.

It will rain, so I closed all the windows. Don't forget to watch "ER"! It'll start at 10.00. I call you after the card game because by the time we get home, you're sleeping.

Enjoy your evening!

Love,

K

(Sumber: Fuchs & Bonner. 2000. Focus on Grammar, 2nd Edition. p. 29)

BAB 11

FUTURE PERFECT TENSE

Course Description

This course provides students with knowledge of English tenses. It aims to explore twelve English tenses, to make students learn how to differentiate each tense, to develop students' skill in verb patterns and sentence structures, to allow students identify various kinds of tenses, to allow students use various kinds of sentences, to allow students do various practices, and to allow students make, evaluate and develop written and oral expressions using correct and appropriate verb patterns.

Course Learning Outcomes

At the successful completion of this topic, students will be able to:

- 1. memorize what future perfect tense is
- 2. understand the verb patterns of future perfect tense
- 3. apply the future perfect tense in both oral and written forms
- 4. analyze the uses of future perfect tense
- 5. evaluate when and why the future perfect tense is used
- 6. create their own sentences by using their own words in both oral and written forms

Future Perfect Tense adalah tense yang digunakan untuk menerangkan peristiwa/kegiatan yang sudah dimulai pada masa lampau dan akan selesai di waktu yang akan datang. Dalam Bahasa Indonesia, tense ini dimaknai akan sudah.

Rumus Verbal:

Kalimat Positif : S + will/shall + have + V3

Kalimat Negatif : S + will/shall + not + have + V3

Kalimat Interogatif : Will/shall + S + have + V3

Contoh Kalimat Verbal

	She/He/It/Temon	will have worked on this	
Positif	They/We/I	question by the time you arrive.	

		will have read the books by next week.	
Negatif	She/He/It/Temon They/We/I/You	will not have worked on this question by the time you arrive. will not have read the books by next week.	
Interogatif	Will	she/he/it/Temon/They/We/I	have worked on this question by the time you arrive? have read the books by next week?

Rumus Nominal:

Kalimat Positif : S + will/shall+ have + been + Kata Sifat/Kata Benda/Kata

Keterangan

Kalimat Negatif : S + will/shall + not + have + been + Kata Sifat/Kata

Benda/Kata Keterangan

Kalimat Interogatif : will/shall + S + have + been + Kata Sifat/Kata

Benda/Kata Keterangan?

Contoh Kalimat Nominal

		will have been at home before	
Positif	She/He/It/Temon	the students finish their exams.	
Postui	They/We/I/You	will have been a manager at the	
		end of this month.	

Negatif	She/He/It/Temon They/We/I/You	will not have been at home before the students finish their exams. Will not have been a manager at the end of this month.	
Interogatif	Will	she/he/it/Temon They/We/I/You	have been at home before the students finish their exams? have been a manager at the end of this month?

Penggunaan Future Perfect Tense

- 1. untuk menyatakan suatu peristiwa atau tindakan yang akan sudah selesai di waktu tertentu pada masa yang akan datang.
 - Sarah will have finished her project at 11 p.m.
 - ➤ I will have read these books at 9 p.m.
- 2. untuk menyatakan suatu peristiwa atau tindakan yang akan sudah terjadi dan selesai sebelum peristiwa atau tindakan lain terjadi.
 - ➤ I will have finished cooking by the time you arrive.
 - ➤ They will have gone to school before you arrive.

Perhatikan contoh lainnya sebagai berikut.

- (a) The train will leave the station at 8 a.m.
- (b) You will arrive at the station at 8.20 a.m.
 - Maka, berdasarkan kalimat-kalimat di atas, bentuk future perfect tense-nya menjadi:
- (c) When you arrive, the train will have left.

Catatan!

Berikut adalah beberapa penanda waktu/time signals yang digunakan dalam Future Perfect Tense.

By the time : Ketika

By the end of .. : Pada akhir ..

By next month : Pada akhir bulan depan

By next week : Pada akhir minggu depan

Latihan 11.1

(?)

(?)

Ubahlah kalimat berikut ke dalam bentuk kalimat negatif dan interogatif seperti contoh pada

- nomor 1. 1. (+) She will have watched television by the time you arrive. She will not have watched television by the time you arrive.

(?) Will she have watched television by the time you arrive?

- (+) She will have been in Lampung by the end of December. (-)
- 3. (+) By the time you visit me in July, I will have graduated.
- (-)
- (+) The students will have finished the test before the time is over.
 - (-)(?)
- 5. (+) You will have been ready for school by the time I pick you up.

1	`
(-	-)

(?)

Latihan 11.2
Lengkapilah tabel berikut menggunakan *Future Perfect Tense*.

To be			To go	
They	will have been	They	will have gone	
We		We		
I		I		
You		You		
Не		Не		
She		She		
It		It		
Toni		Toni		

To do		To have	
They	will have done	They	will have had
We		We	
I		Ι	
You		You	

Не	Не	
She	She	
It	It	
Toni	Toni	

Latihan 11.3

Tulislah kalimat Future Perfect Tense dalam bentuk negatif.

1.	They	will not have finished their project by the end of the month.
2.	We	
	I	

Latihan 11.4

Lengkapilah sentence blocks dalam Future Perfect Tense di bawah ini. Perhatikan contoh.

Contoh:

She will have called her boyfriend before her parents arrive at 10 o'clock.

Wh-question : When will she have called her boyfriend?

Jawaban Pendek : Before her parents arrive at 10 o'clock.

Yes/No Question : Will she have called her boyfriend before her parents arrive at 10

o'clock?

Jawaban Pendek (+) : Yes, she will.

Jawaban Pendek (-) : No, she won't.

Modul MK Intermediate Structure

Jawaban Panjang (-) : No, she won't (will not) have called her boyfriend before her

parents arrive at 10 o'clock.

1. You can see me at work at 9 a.m. I will have arrived at my office by 9 a.m.

Wh-question : When ...

Jawaban Pendek :

Yes/No Question :

Jawaban Pendek (+) :

Jawaban Pendek (-) :

Jawaban Panjang (-) :

2. Tom will not be at home when you arrive. He will have gone to school by the time you arrive.

Wh-question : Where ...

Jawaban Pendek

Yes/No Question :

Jawaban Pendek (+) :

Jawaban Pendek (-) :

Jawaban Panjang (-) :

3. She will have forgotten her boyfriend by April.

Wh-question : Who ...

Jawaban Pendek :

Yes/No Question :

Jawaban Pendek (+) :

Jawaban Pendek (-) :

Jawaban Panjang (-)

4. I will have arrived with the pizza by the time you come in.

Wh-question : What ...

Jawaban Pendek :

Modul MK Intermediate Structure

Yes/No Question :

Jawaban Pendek (+) :

Jawaban Pendek (-) :

Jawaban Panjang (-) :

5. We will have signed ten contracts by Friday.

Wh-question : **How ...**

Jawaban Pendek :
Yes/No Question :
Jawaban Pendek (+) :
Jawaban Pendek (-) :
Jawaban Panjang (-) :

BAB 12

FUTURE PERFECT PROGRESSIVE/CONTINUOUS TENSE

Course Description

This course provides students with knowledge of English tenses. It aims to explore twelve English tenses, to make students learn how to differentiate each tense, to develop students' skill in verb patterns and sentence structures, to allow students identify various kinds of tenses, to allow students use various kinds of sentences, to allow students do various practices, and to allow students make, evaluate and develop written and oral expressions using correct and appropriate verb patterns.

Course Learning Outcomes

At the successful completion of this topic, students will be able to:

- 1. remember what future perfect progressive tense is
- 2. describe the verb patterns of future perfect progressive tense
- 3. use the future perfect progressive tense in both oral and written forms
- 4. relate the uses of future perfect progressive tense to their daily lives
- 5. evaluate when and why the future perfect progressive tense is used
- 6. construct their own sentences by using their own words in both oral and written forms

Future Perfect Progressive/Continuous Tense adalah tense yang digunakan untuk menerangkan peristiwa/kegiatan yang sudah dimulai pada masa lampau dan akan selesai di waktu yang akan datang. Dalam Bahasa Indonesia, tense ini dimaknai akan sudah sedang. Penggunaannya hampir sama dengan future perfect, namun future perfect progressive/continuous tense ini menyatakan tindakan atau keadaan yang durasinya lebih lama hingga titik waktu tertentu di masa yang akan datang.

Rumus Verbal:

Kalimat Positif : S + will/shall + have + been + Ving

Kalimat Negatif : S + will/shall + not + have + been + Ving

Kalimat Interogatif : Will/shall + S + have + been + Ving?

Contoh Kalimat Verbal

		will have been sleeping	
		for 3 hours by the time	
Positif	She/He/It/Temon	Abdel gets home.	
1 USILII	They/We/I/You	will have been living	
		here for 5 years by the	
		end of this year.	
		will not have been	
		sleeping for 3 hours by	
	She/He/It/Temon	the time Abdel gets	
Negatif	They/We/I/You	home.	
		will not have been	
		living here for 5 years	
		by the end of this year.	
			have been sleeping for 3
			hours by the time Abdel
		she/he/it/Temon/They/	gets home?
Interogatif	Will	We/I/You	have been living here for 5
		W 6/1/10u	
			years by the end of this
			year?

Penggunaan Future Perfect Progressive/Continuous Tense

- 1. Future Perfect Progressive/Continuous Tense menekankan pada durasi dari suatu peristiwa atau tindakan yang akan sudah sedang berlangsung sebelum titik waktu tertentu atau peristiwa lain di masa mendatang. Perhatikan ilustrasi contoh berikut.
 - ➤ I will study at 8 p.m. Temon will get home at 10 p.m. Maka, I will have been studying for two hours by the time Temon gets home.

- ➤ I will go to bed at 10 p.m. Tom will get home at 11 p.m. At 11 p.m., I will be sleeping. I *will have been sleeping* for one hour by the time Tom arrives home.
- 2. Future Perfect Progressive/Continuous Tense dan Future Perfect Tense terkadang juga bisa saling menggantikan dan memiliki kesamaan makna. Perhatikan contoh berikut.
 - ➤ When she resigns from this company next month, she *will have worked* for 10 years.
 - ➤ When she resigns from this company next month, she *will have been working* for 10 years.

Catatan!

Berikut adalah beberapa penanda waktu/time signals yang digunakan dalam Future Perfect Progressive/Continuous Tense.

By the end of this month : Pada akhir bulan ini/menjelang akhir bulan ini

By the end of this week : Pada akhir minggu ini/menjelang akhir minggu ini

When/By the time ... : Ketika

Latihan 12.1

Ubahlah kalimat berikut ke dalam bentuk kalimat negatif dan interogatif seperti contoh pada nomor 1.

- 1. (+) We will have been conducting this research for two months by the end of this month.
 - (-) We will not have been conducting this research for two months by the end of this month.
 - (?) Will we have been conducting this research for two months by the end of this month?

2.	(+)	She will have been writing this book for one year by the end of this December.
	(-)	
	(?)	
3.	(+)	By the end of this year, I will have been living in Bandar Lampung for four years.
	(-)	
	(?)	
4.	(+)	My friend will have been studying English for ten years by the end of this year.
	(-)	
	(?)	
5.	(+)	By the end of this week, we will have been staying in this hotel for ten days.
	(-)	
	(?)	

Latihan 12.2
Lengkapilah tabel berikut menggunakan Future Perfect Progressive/Continuous Tense.

To be		To go	
They	will have been	They	will have been going

We	1	We
Ι]	I
You	,	You
Не	1	Не
She		She
It		It
Toni		Toni

	To do	To have		
They	will have been doing	They	will have been having	
We		We		
I		I		
You		You		
Не		Не		
She		She		
It		It		
Toni		Toni		

Latihan 12.3

Tulislah kalimat Future Perfect Progressive/Continuous Tense dalam bentuk negatif.

	1.	They	will no	ot have	been s	leeping	for two .	hours wl	hen the	eir moth	her gets i	home
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2.	We	

3.	I	·
9.	I	
10.		

Latihan 12.4

Lengkapilah sentence blocks dalam Future Perfect Progressive/Continuous Tense di bawah ini. Perhatikan contoh berikut.

Contoh:

She will have been working on her project for five hours by the end of this week.

Wh-question : **How long** will she have been working on her project by the end

of this week?

Jawaban Pendek : Five hours.

Yes/No Question : Will she have been working on her project for five hours by the

end of this week?

Jawaban Pendek (+) : Yes, she will.

Jawaban Pendek (-) : No, she won't.

Jawaban Panjang (-) : No, she won't (will not) have been working on her project for five

hours by the end of this week.

1. Next month I will have been studying English for one year.

Wh-question : When ...

Jawaban Pendek :

Yes/No Question :

Jawaban Pendek (+) :

Jawaban Pendek (-) :

Jawaban Panjang (-) :

2. Jane will have been waiting for five hours at my office by the time this meeting is finished.

Wh-question : Where ...

Jawaban Pendek :
Yes/No Question :
Jawaban Pendek (+) :

Jawaban Pendek (-) :
Jawaban Panjang (-) :

3. Tom and John will have been working together for twenty years by the end of April this year.

Wh-question : Who ...

Jawaban Pendek :
Yes/No Question :
Jawaban Pendek (+) :
Jawaban Pendek (-) :

Jawaban Panjang (-) :

4. She will have been reading this book for two weeks by the end of this September.

Wh-question : What ...

Jawaban Pendek :

Yes/No Question :

Jawaban Pendek (+) :

Jawaban Pendek (-) :

Jawaban Panjang (-) :

5. He will have been working for thirty-five years when he retires.

Wh-question : **How ...**

Jawaban Pendek :

Yes/No Question :

Jawaban Pendek (+) :
Jawaban Pendek (-) :
Jawaban Panjang (-) :
Latihan lanjutan
1. Lengkapilah artikel berikut ini menggunakan bentuk kata kerja future perfect atau
future perfect progressive/continuous tense.
As of December this year, Pam and Jessica Weiner (1 work) will have been working as personal time management consultants for five years. Tired of disorganization at home, Pam and Jessica developed a system that worked so well that they started teaching it to others. By this anniversary celebration, hundreds of people (2 complete) the Weiners' seminar, and these efficient sisters (3 help) them manage the confusion in their personal lives.
"What a difference their seminars made!" exclaimed Corinne Smith, who completed the
course a few years ago. "This December, I (4 use) their system
for two years. I used to do my holiday shopping on December 23. This year, I (5 buy)
all my gifts by November 1, and I (6 wrap)
them too."
Why do we need a system? "Our lives are so complicated that we can't remember it all," explained Pam Weiner. "A good example is a new family in our seminar. They have two children, they both work, but they have no system. By Monday, they (7 not plan) the week's menu, and they (8 not decide)
on a driving schedule for the week's activities. That means that

days about these things."

by Friday, they ______ probably (9 argue) _____ for

The Metcalfs, on of many satisfied families, feel that their life has improved a lot since
they finished the seminars. "At the end of this week, we (10 not waste)
our energy arguing about who does what in the house," Aida
Metcalf told us. "And we can plan for fun activities. We know that we (11 complete)
all the housework by Saturday, and we can make plans to go
out. When we go back to work on Monday, we (12 have) a
good time for two days, and we'll feel refreshed."
The system also works for long-range planning. "Before the seminars, our summers were
a nightmare," Aida says. "We never did the things we wanted to do. But by the end of
August this year, we (13 participate) in our community yard
sale and (14 redecorate) the house. And I can be sure that we
(15 make) all the preparations for our September family get-
together."
Children enjoy using the system, too. "I made a calendar for Corrie, our twelve-year-old," reported Arnie Metcalf. "By the time she gets on the school bus tomorrow morning,
she (16 do) several chores. She (17 straighten)
her room, for example, and probably, she (18 pack)
her own lunch as well."
The Weiners are scheduled to appear on tomorrow's "Around Town," and this also represents a kind of anniversary for them. "Our television appearances started with this show," Pam Weiner told us. "As of tomorrow, we (19 explain)
our system to television audiences for a year.
(Sumber: Fuchs & Bonner. 2000. Focus on Grammar, 2 nd Edition. p. 30)